SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Sunny Sol® 100 Plus
Other means of identification SDS number
1230001
Synonyms Sodium Hypochlorite Solution, Bleach.
Recommended use
Disinfection of Drinking Water, Sewage & Wastewater Effluent Treatment, Swimming Pool Water Disinfection. Please contact JCI Jones Chemicals, Inc. for additional recommended uses.
Recommended restrictions None known.

Company name JCI Jones Chemicals, Inc.
Address 1765 Ringling Boulevard
Sarasota, FL 34236
General Information Telephone (800) 477-1078
Website www.jcichem.com
Emergency phone number CHEMTREC
US: 1-800-424-9300 Canada: 1-800-567-7455

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Corrosive to metals Category 1
Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger
Hazard statement May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement Prevention Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep only in original container. Avoid release to the environment.
Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Collect spillage.
Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)
None known.

Supplemental information
Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

3. Composition/information on ingredients
Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hypochlorite</td>
<td>7681-52-9</td>
<td>10.0 - 12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-73-2</td>
<td>0.1 - 2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-aid measures
Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for at least 15-20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn’t get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Corrosive effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. With eye exposure, continue flushing during transport to hospital.

General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures
Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use dry extinguishing media that contains ammonium compounds.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see Section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions
Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

7. Handling and storage
Precautions for safe handling
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not apply heat or direct sunlight. Temperature and product concentration affect product quality and decomposition rates.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a corrosive resistant container. Consult container manufacturer for additional guidance. Store away from and do not mix with incompatible materials such as acids, oxidizers, organics, reducing agents, and all metals except titanium.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full-face respirator, if needed.

Skin protection
Hand protection
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other
Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Reports indicate that sodium hypochlorite can react with various fabrics usually increasing with concentration. Reactions vary significantly depending on strength of chemical, material, fabric treatment and color of dyes. FRC treated cotton has a stronger response than plain cotton. Poly blend fabrics and meta aramid fabric have a weaker response than natural fibers. Contact the Personal Protective Equipment manufacturer for specific information about their products.

Respiratory protection
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state
Liquid.
Form
Liquid.
Color
Not available.
Odor
Pungent.
Odor threshold
0.9 mg/m³
pH
12 - 14 (25 °C/77 °F)
Melting point/freezing point
-11 °F (-24 °C) (12.5% solution)
Initial boiling point and boiling range
Not available.
Flash point
Not applicable
Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:
- **Flammability limit - lower (%)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability limit - upper (%)**: Not applicable
- **Explosive limit - lower (%)**: Not available
- **Explosive limit - upper (%)**: Not available

Vapor pressure: 12 mm Hg (20°C/68°F)

Vapor density: Not available

Relative density: Not available

Solubility(ies):
- **Solubility (water)**: Completely miscible
- **Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)**: Not available

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature: Not available

Viscosity: Not available

Other information:
- **Bulk density**: Not applicable
- **Molecular formula**: NaOCl
- **Molecular weight**: 74.5 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid ultraviolet (UV) light sources. Excessive heat. Reacts violently with strong acids. Acid contact will produce chlorine gas. Amine contact will produce chloramines.


11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- **Ingestion**: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus and possibly the digestive tract.
- **Inhalation**: Vapors and spray mist may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.
- **Skin contact**: Causes skin burns.
- **Eye contact**: Causes eye burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

- Corrosive effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
- Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute toxicity</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Hypochlorite, 5 - 17% (CAS Mixture)</td>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermal</strong></td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2 g/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3 - 5 g/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization
  Respiratory sensitization: No data available.
  Skin sensitization: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
  Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9): 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: No data available.

Aspiration hazard: Not classified, however droplets of the product may be aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting and may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Chronic effects: Prolonged or repeated overexposure causes lung damage.

Further information: Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Hypochlorite, 5 - 17% (CAS Mixture)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability: No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available for this product.

Mobility in soil: Not available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazardous waste code: The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT
  UN number: UN1791
  UN proper shipping name: Hypochlorite solutions
  Transport hazard class(es) Class: 8
  Subsidiary risk: -
  Packing group: III
  Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
  Special provisions: IB3, N34, T4, TP2, TP24
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packaging exceptions</th>
<th>154</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packaging non bulk</td>
<td>203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging bulk</td>
<td>241</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IATA**

- **UN number**: UN1791
- **UN proper shipping name**: Hypochlorite solution
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
  - **Class**: 8
  - **Subsidiary risk**: -
  - **Label(s)**: 8
- **Packing group**: III
- **Environmental hazards**: Yes
- **ERG Code**: 8L
- **Special precautions for user**: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG**

- **UN number**: UN1791
- **UN proper shipping name**: HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
  - **Class**: 8
  - **Subsidiary risk**: -
  - **Label(s)**: 8
- **Packing group**: III
- **Environmental hazards**: Yes
- **Marine pollutant**: F-A, S-B
- **Special precautions for user**: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
- **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

### 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations**

- This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- **TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**
  - Not regulated.
  - Not listed.
- **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**
  - Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2): LISTED
  - Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9): LISTED

**Supernfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

- **Hazard categories**
  - Immediate Hazard - Yes
  - Delayed Hazard - No
  - Fire Hazard - No
  - Pressure Hazard - No
  - Reactivity Hazard - No
- **SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**
  - Not listed.
- **SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical**
  - Yes
- **SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**
  - Not regulated.

**Other federal regulations**

- **Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**
  - Not regulated.
- **Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**
  - Not regulated.
- **Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)**
  - Not regulated.
US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

US. California Proposition 65
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance
Not listed.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

USEPA Registration Number 1744-20002
ANSI/NSF Standard 60 Certified Maximum Use Level: 100 mg/L
AWWA Standard AWWA B300-10
USDA Authorized Uses 3D, B1, D2, L1, Q4
Issue Date December 1, 2014 Revision Date N/A

NFPA Ratings

List of abbreviations
LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
EC50: Effective concentration, 50%.
TWA: Time weighted average.

References
EPA: AQUIRE database
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices
Olin Chlor Alkali Products Safety Data Sheet
Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.